DANCE	ENGLISH/LANGUAGE ARTS
1.1 Show a variety of combinations of	Language #1e Use adjectives and
basic locomotor skills (e.g., walk and	adverbs, and choose between them
run, gallop and jump, hop and skip,	depending on what is to be modified.
slide and roll).	
1.2 Show a variety of combinations of	Language #1e Use adjectives and
axial movements (e.g., swing and	adverbs, and choose between them
balanced shapes, turn and stretch,	depending on what is to be modified.
bend and twist).	
1.3 Perform short movement problems,	Reading Lit #4 Describe how words
emphasizing the element of time (e.g.,	and phrases (e.g., regular beats,
varied tempos, rhythmic patterns,	alliteration, rhymes, repeated lines)
counting).	supply rhythm and meaning in a story,
	poem, or song.
	Language #1e Use adjectives and
	adverbs, and choose between them
	depending on what is to be modified.
	Language #5b Distinguish shades of
	meaning among closely related verbs
	(e.g., <i>toss, throw, hurl</i>) and closely
	related adjectives (e.g., thin, slender,
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	skinny, scrawny).
1.4 Expand the ability to incorporate	Language #1e Use adjectives and
spatial concepts with movement	adverbs, and choose between them
problems.	depending on what is to be modified.
	Language #5b Distinguish shades of
	meaning among closely related verbs
	(e.g., toss, throw, hurl) and closely
	related adjectives (e.g., thin, siender,
2.1 Create and improving movement	Skilling, Sciewily).
2.1 Create and improvise movement	and phrases (a.g., regular bests
patterns and sequences.	allu pillases (e.g., regular beats,
	supply rhythm and meaning in a story
	poem or song
2.3 Create a simple sequence of	Informational #5 Know and use
movement with a beginning a middle	various text features (e.g. cantions
and an end incorporating level and	bold print subbeadings glossaries
directional changes	indexes electronic menus icons) to
	locate key facts or information in a text
	efficiently.
2.4 Create shapes and movements,	Language #1e Use adjectives and
using fast and slow tempos.	adverbs, and choose between them
	depending on what is to be modified.
2.5 Develop a dance phrase that has a	Speaking & Listening #5 Create
sense of unity.	audio recordings of stories or poems;

	add drawings or other visual displays to
	stories or recounts of experiences
	when appropriate to clarify ideas,
	thoughts, and feelings.
2.6 Create, memorize, and perform	Speaking & Listening #5 Create
original expressive movements for	audio recordings of stories or poems;
peers.	add drawings or other visual displays to
	stories or recounts of experiences
	the ughte, and feelings
	Lioughis, and reenings.
	magning among closely related verbs
	(o.g. toss throw burl) and closely
	(e.g., loss, lillow, null) and closely related adjectives (e.g., thin, slender
	skinny scrawny)
2.7 Work cooperatively in small and	Snaking & Listoning #5 Create
large groups	audio recordings of stories or poems.
	add drawings or other visual displays to
	stories or recounts of experiences
	when appropriate to clarify ideas
	thoughts, and feelings.
3.2 Explain commonalities among	Informational #9 Compare and
basic locomotor and axial movements	contrast the most important points
in dances from various countries.	presented by two texts on the same
	topic.
3.4 Describe dances seen in	Writing #3 Write narratives in which
celebrations and community events.	they recount a well-elaborated event or
	short sequence of events, include
	details to describe actions, thoughts,
	and feelings, use temporal words to
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	signal event order, and provide a sense
	signal event order, and provide a sense of closure.
	signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. Writing #8 Recall information from
	signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. Writing #8 Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to appwor a guestion
	signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. Writing #8 Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.
	signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. Writing #8 Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. Speaking & Listening #1 Participate in collaborative conversations with
	signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. Writing #8 Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. Speaking & Listening #1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics
	signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. Writing #8 Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. Speaking & Listening #1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small
	signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. Writing #8 Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. Speaking & Listening #1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
4.1 Use basic dance vocabulary to	signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. Writing #8 Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. Speaking & Listening #1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. Writing #3 Write narratives in which
4.1 Use basic dance vocabulary to name and describe a dance observed	signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. Writing #8 Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. Speaking & Listening #1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. Writing #3 Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or
4.1 Use basic dance vocabulary to name and describe a dance observed or performed (e.g., levels, rhythm	signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. Writing #8 Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. Speaking & Listening #1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. Writing #3 Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events, include
4.1 Use basic dance vocabulary to name and describe a dance observed or performed (e.g., levels, rhythm patterns, type of energy).	 signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. Writing #8 Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. Speaking & Listening #1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. Writing #3 Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts,
4.1 Use basic dance vocabulary to name and describe a dance observed or performed (e.g., levels, rhythm patterns, type of energy).	 signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. Writing #8 Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. Speaking & Listening #1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. Writing #3 Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to

	of closure. Writing #8 Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. Speaking & Listening #1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. Reading Lit #1 Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.
	Informational #1 Ask and answer such questions as <i>who, what, where, when, why</i> , and <i>how</i> to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.
4.2 Describe how the movement in dances of peers communicates ideas or moods to the viewer (e.g., ocean environment or a sad or joyous dance).	 Writing #3 Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. Writing #8 Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. Speaking & Listening #1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. Reading Lit #1 Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text. Informational #1 Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.
4.3 Describe the similarities and differences in performing various dances (e.g., direction changes, steps, type of energy and tempo).	Informational #9 Compare and contrast the most important points presented by two texts on the same topic.
5.1 Use literature to inspire dance ideas (e.g., poem, cartoon, nursery	Reading Lit #4 Describe how words and phrases (e.g., regular beats,

rhyme).	alliteration, rhymes, repeated lines) supply rhythm and meaning in a story, poem, or song. Speaking & Listening #5 Create audio recordings of stories or poems; add drawings or other visual displays to stories or recounts of experiences when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.
5.2 Demonstrate language arts concepts through dance (e.g., show different punctuation marks through movement).	Informational #5 Know and use various text features (e.g., captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries, indexes, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text efficiently. Language #2b Use commas in greetings and closings of letters.
5.3 Describe how choreographers create dances.	Informational #5 Know and use various text features (e.g., captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries, indexes, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text efficiently.

DANCE	HISTORY-SOCIAL SCIENCE
2.3 Create a simple sequence of	2.5 Students understand the
movement with a beginning, a middle,	importance of individual action and
and an end, incorporating level and	character and explain how heroes from
directional changes.	long ago and the recent past have
	made a difference in others' lives.
2.5 Develop a dance phrase that has a	2.5 Students understand the
sense of unity.	importance of individual action and
	character and explain how heroes from
	long ago and the recent past have
	made a difference in others' lives.
2.6 Create, memorize, and perform	2.5 Students understand the
original expressive movements for	importance of individual action and
peers.	character and explain how heroes from
	long ago and the recent past have
	made a difference in others' lives.
2.7 Work cooperatively in small and	2.5 Students understand the

large groups.	importance of individual action and character and explain how heroes from long ago and the recent past have made a difference in others' lives.
3.1 Name and perform social and traditional dances from various cultures.	2.2#3 Locate on a map where their ancestors live(d), telling when the family moved to the local community and how and why they made the trip.
3.4 Describe dances seen in celebrations and community events.	2.2#3 Locate on a map where their ancestors live(d), telling when the family moved to the local community and how and why they made the trip.

DANCE	MATHEMATICS
1.1 Show a variety of combinations of basic locomotor skills (e.g., walk and run, gallop and jump, hop and skip, slide and roll).	Measurements & Data #10 Draw a picture graph and a bar graph (with single-unit scale) to represent a data set with up to four categories. Solve simple put-together, take-apart, and compare problems using information presented in a bar graph.
1.2 Show a variety of combinations of axial movements (e.g., swing and balanced shapes, turn and stretch, bend and twist).	Measurements & Data #10 Draw a picture graph and a bar graph (with single-unit scale) to represent a data set with up to four categories. Solve simple put-together, take-apart, and compare problems using information presented in a bar graph.
1.3 Perform short movement problems, emphasizing the element of time (e.g., varied tempos, rhythmic patterns, counting).	Measurements & Data #9 Generate measurement data by measuring lengths of several objects to the nearest whole unit, or by making repeated measurements of the same object. Show the measurements by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is marked off in whole-number units.
1.4 Expand the ability to incorporate spatial concepts with movement problems.	Operations #1 Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve one- and two-step word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all

	 positions, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem. Operations #3 Determine whether a group of objects (up to 20) has an odd or even number of members, e.g., by pairing objects or counting them by 2s; write an equation to express an even number as a sum of two equal addends. Geometry #1 Recognize and draw shapes having specified attributes, such as a given number of angles or a given number of equal faces.¹ Identify triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons, and cubes.
2.1 Create and improvise movement patterns and sequences.	Operations #1 Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve one- and two-step word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem. Operations #3 Determine whether a group of objects (up to 20) has an odd or even number of members, e.g., by pairing objects or counting them by 2s; write an equation to express an even number as a sum of two equal addends
2.2 Demonstrate multiple solutions in response to a given movement problem (e.g., In how many ways can you travel from point A to point B?).	Operations #1 Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve one- and two-step word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.
2.4 Create shapes and movements, using fast and slow tempos.	Measurements & Data #9 Generate measurement data by measuring

	lengths of several objects to the nearest whole unit, or by making repeated measurements of the same object. Show the measurements by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is marked off in whole-number units. Geometry #1 Recognize and draw shapes having specified attributes, such as a given number of angles or a given number of equal faces. ¹ Identify triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons, and cubes.
2.7 Work cooperatively in small and large groups.	Operations #3 Determine whether a group of objects (up to 20) has an odd or even number of members, e.g., by pairing objects or counting them by 2s; write an equation to express an even number as a sum of two equal addends.

DANCE	SCIENCE
1.1 Show a variety of combinations of basic locomotor skills (e.g., walk and run, gallop and jump, hop and skip, slide and roll).	2d Students know there is variation among individuals of one kind within a population.
	4d Write or draw descriptions of a sequence of steps, events, and observations.
1.2 Show a variety of combinations of axial movements (e.g., swing and balanced shapes, turn and stretch, bend and twist).	2d Students know there is variation among individuals of one kind within a population.
	4d Write or draw descriptions of a sequence of steps, events, and observations.
2.2 Demonstrate multiple solutions in response to a given movement problem (e.g., In how many ways can you travel from point A to point B?).	2d Students know there is variation among individuals of one kind within a population.
	4d Write or draw descriptions of a sequence of steps, events, and

	observations.
2.6 Create, memorize, and perform original expressive movements for peers.	 2d Students know there is variation among individuals of one kind within a population. 4d Write or draw descriptions of a sequence of steps, events, and observations.